हैल्ड इन बंगाल" शीर्षक के अन्तर्गत प्रकाशित समाचार की ओर दिलाया गया है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या यह सच है कि ये विदेशी राष्ट्रिक भारत में तोड़-फोड़ की गतिविधियों में लिप्त थे;

(ग) यदि हां, तो अभी तक की गई जांच के आधार पर इन विदेशी राष्ट्रिकों के विरुद्ध क्या आरोप लगाए गए हैं;

(घ) क्या यह सच है कि दिल्ली में 15 ऐसे आवासीय स्थलों की पहचान की जा चुकी है जहां ये विदेशी अवैध रूप से आए थे और यहां रह रहे थे; और

(ङ) यदि नहीं, तो इस संबंध में तथ्य क्या हैं और सरकार द्वारा उन विदेशी राष्ट्रिकों की संख्या कितनी आंकी गई है जो यहां अवैध रूप से आए हैं और अब इन स्थानों पर रह रहे हैं?

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री राजेश पायलट): (क) जी हां, श्रीमान्।

(ख) और (ग) राज्य सरकार के अनुसार यह अभी तक स्थापित नहीं हो पाया है कि ये विदेशी राष्ट्रिक तोड़-फोड़ के कार्यों में शामिल हैं। चूंकि इन विदेशी राष्ट्रिकों के पास अपेक्षित यात्रा दस्तावेज नहीं थे इस लिए इनके खिलाफ "विदेशी नागरिक अधिनियम, 1946" के अधीन एक मामला दर्ज किया गया है।

(घ) और (ङ) दिल्ली में कुछ ऐसे रिहायशी क्षेत्र हैं जहां अवैध रूप से बंगलादेशी राष्ट्रिक ठहरे हुए हैं। किसी प्रामाणिक सूचना के अभाव में ठीक-ठीक संख्या बता पाना संभव नहीं है। राज्य सरकारों को ऐसे स्थाई निर्देश हैं कि अवैध बंगला-देशी राष्ट्रकों का पता लगाया जाए और उन्हें स्वदेश वापस भेजा जाए। संबंधित एजेंसियों द्वारा पता लगाए गए एवं स्वदेश भेजे गए मामलों के आंकड़े प्रकट करना जनहित में नहीं है।

Surrender of Ex-Ulfa Members

7778. SHRI TARA CHARAN MAJUMDAR: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) what is the number of ex-ULFA members who have surrendered so far;

(b) what is the amount which Government of India has sanctioned and paid to the State Government of Assam for the rehabilitation of these surrendered persons;

(c) whether the surrendered persons were allowed to retain the arms which they surrendered; if not, whether Government allowed them the licence for the possession of arms with them after surrender;

(d) what is the number of such surrendered persons who have been involved in various offences like murder, abduction, extortion etc. after their surrender; and

(e) what is the number of such persons arrested in connection with such crimes?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS: (SHRI P.M. SAYEED): (a) The number, as on 4 June 1994, is 3875.

(b) Rs. 10 crores have been disbursed for rehabilitation of the surrendered ULFA during 1993-94.

(c) No Sir. However, some of the surrenderees whose lives were under threat have been issued arms licence for non-prohibited bore on individual application and with clearance from Special Branch of State Police.

(d) 151 surrenderees have been involved in crimes.

(e) 137 surrenderees were arrested for their involvement in crimes.

Conviction under TADA in Jammu and Kashmir

7779. SHRI JAGMOHAN: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 2402 given in the Rajya Sabha on 9th March, 1994 and state:

(a) what are the detailed particulars of the ten cases who were convincted under TADA in Jammu and Kashmir during 15th August's 1989 to 15th August, 1993; and

(b) whether the accused convicted were released before their term of imprisonment/detention?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS: (SHRI RAJESH PILOT): (a) and (b) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Foreign Mercenaries Operating in Kashmir Valley

7780. SHRI O.P. KOHLI: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether more than 2,500 foreign mercenaries from Pakistan, Pak occupied Kashmir, Sudan, Afghanistan, Saudi Arabia, Iran and other countries are at present operating in the Kashmir Valley;

(b) whether the presence of such a large number of foreign mercenaries to help train and abet the militants' outfit in the Valley, is to bring about a qualitative and quantitative change in the fighting capabilities of Kashmiri militants; and

(c) if so, the steps being taken by Government to counter this renewed threat?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS: (SHRI RAJESH PILOT): (a) to (c) There are reports of intensification of efforts by Pakistan to infiltrate foreign elements/mercenaries from across the border into J & K in a bid to further escalate and upgrade violence, and boosting the morale of the militants in the state. However, it is not possible to precisely estimate the number of such persons. Such elements are reported to include persons from Pakistan/POK, Afganistan, Sudan, Lebanon, Egypt, Bahrain, Algeria etc.

This challenge posed by the phenomenon is being faced in a determined manner. During the recent months, apart from intensification of steps to check infiltration/exfiltration across the LOC, security measures in the hinterland have also been further strengthened/streamlined, to bring in greater coordination in the operation of the various forces in the State and sharing of information for better results. As a result, significant successes have also been achieved in terms of recovery of weapons and killing/apprehension of a large number of millitants including foreign national/mercenaries.

Massive Development Plan for Jammu and Kashmir

7781. SHRI O.P. KOHLI: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Central Government has unfolded a massive development plan for revitalising the PDS, health facilities and employment insurance schemes for Jammu and Kashmir at the instance of the Prime Minister to improve conditions there and to bring about normalcy;

(b) whether Government propose to ensure the safe return of more than three lakh Kashmiri migrants to their hearths and homes in the Valley because without their return normalcy cannot be restored in the State; and

(c) if so, by when and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS: (SHRI RAJESH PILOT): (a): As a part of efforts towards restoration of normalcy in Jammu & Kashmir, and motivating the people to come into the mainstream, concerted efforts have been made, since the middle of last year, to step up the pace of economic/development activity in the State. With the aim of understanding in detail the problems relating to development efforts, identifying areas where decisions were required, including resource augmentation, and putting in place measures by which the actual implementation of various schemes could be more effective, there have been a series of discussion between the concerned Central Government and State Government officials, followed by a visit of a team of union Secretaries of the Ministries/Departments of Education,